

Resource Sharing Models

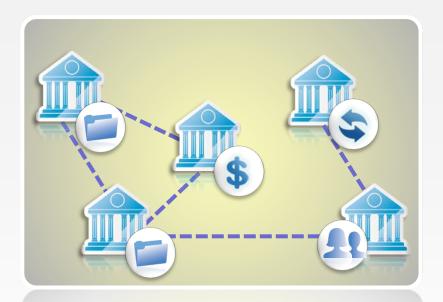
Moshe Shechter Alma Product Manager, Ex Libris



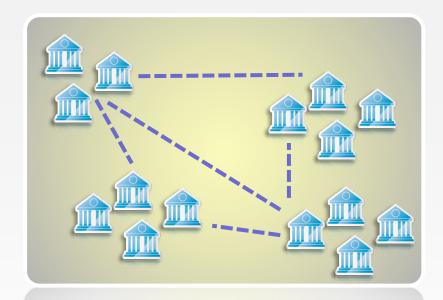
Networks – The Challenge



What is a Collaborative Network?



A group of institutions with relationships/collaboration in a specific library business area (e.g. collection development, resource sharing, remote storage)



Each institution can be part of many networks in multiple business areas

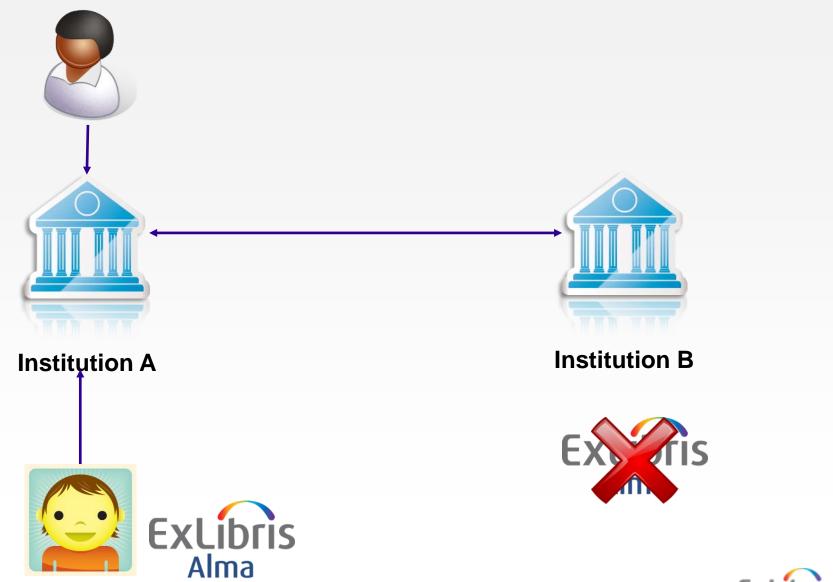


Types of Networks



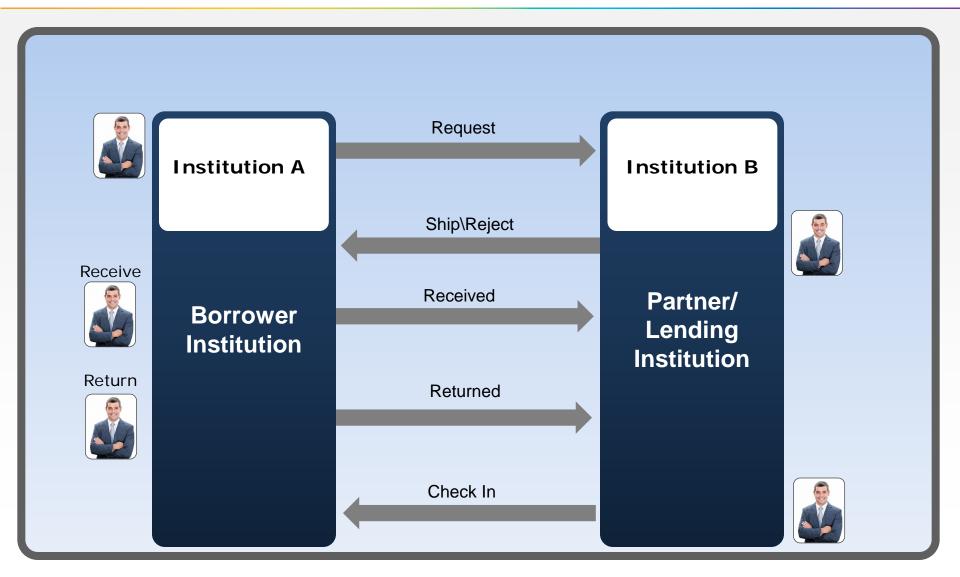


Resource Sharing Network

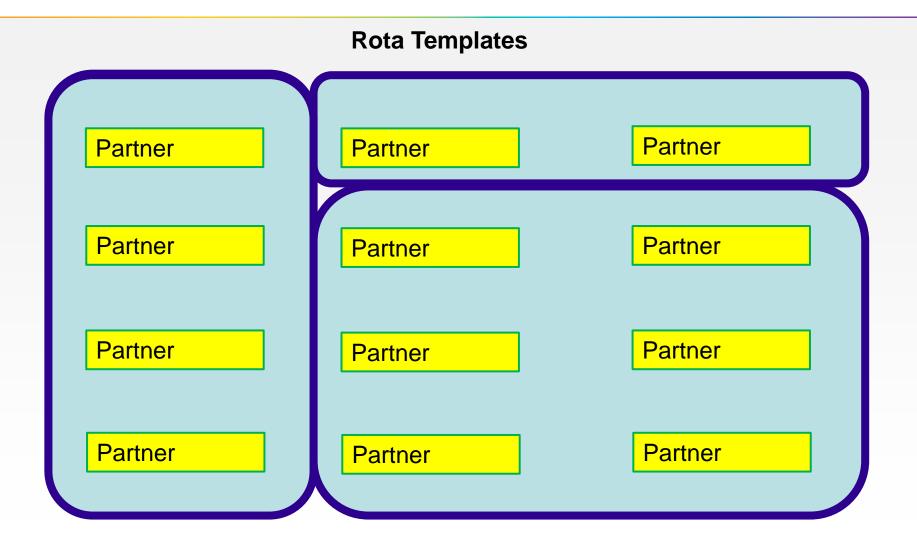




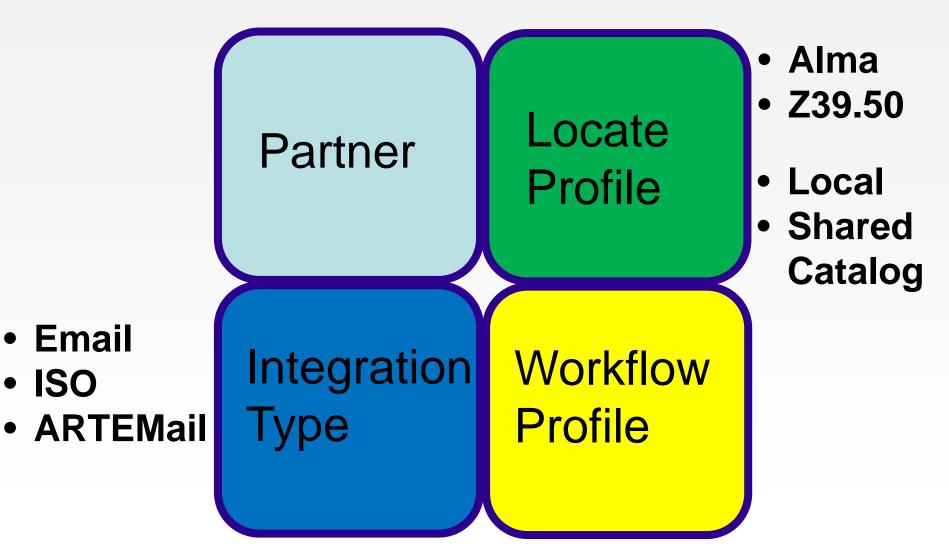
Resource Sharing – Peer to Peer



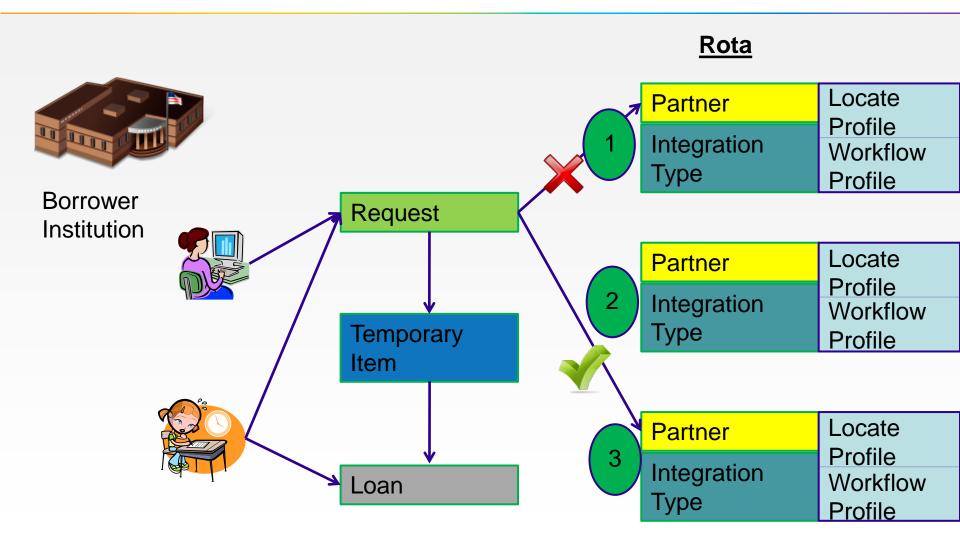




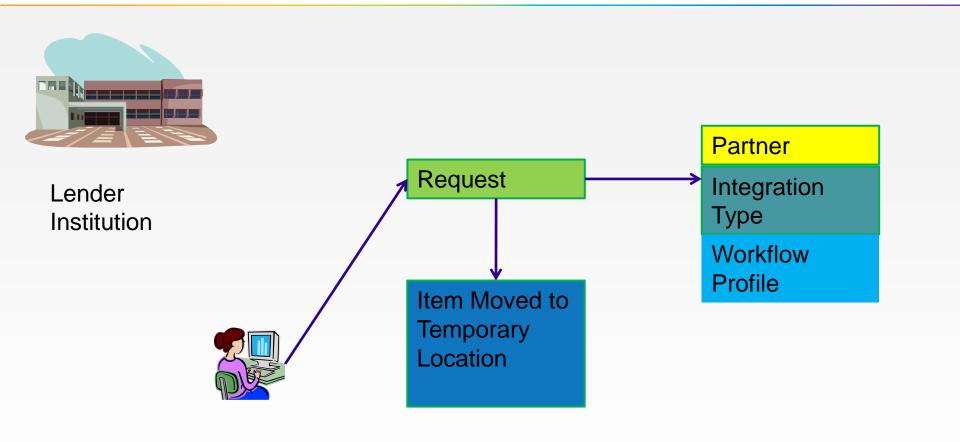














Resource Sharing Network Attributes

- The patron's home institution is the patron's service provider.
 The patron receives a resource from his home library, without being exposed to how and here the resource has been obtained.
 As a result of this, the home institution acts as the lender to the patron.
- The patron's home institution staff uses its own availability information, priorities, and workflow considerations to activate a process for obtaining the resource from a remote network member on behalf of the patron.
- The patron's home institution is responsible for the loaned item from the perspective of the resource owning library.
- The home institution may activate a load balancing process to select the appropriate supplier, as well as a process to approach other suppliers if the selected ones cannot supply the resource.
- The pickup location is always at the patron's home institution.



Resource Sharing Network – User Value

- The Resource Sharing network makes the sharing process transparent for the end user, as follows:
 - It conceals the acquisition of the resource from the end user. The end user simply places a request, without being involved in obtaining the resource.
 - The patron has a single point of contact for the request and loan management his own library's resource sharing department.



Resource Sharing Network – Considerations

- This type of resource sharing is optimal for situations where there is a loose relationship between the network members:
 - Network member patrons are not identifiable outside of their home library. Therefore, the patrons' circulation activities, such as loans and fines\fees, cannot be directly managed by other network members.
 - The lending policies are managed on the level of the participating libraries and not the participating libraries' patrons.
 - The inventory of the network member is not accessible to other network member patrons.

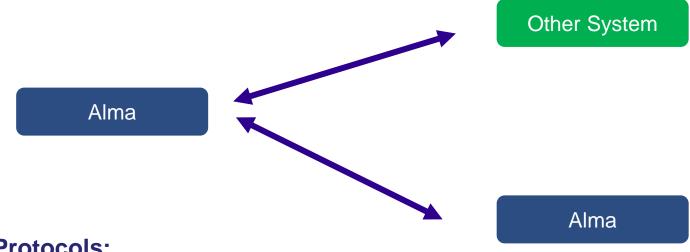




Existing Models

Resource Sharing the way you like it

Peer to Peer Model



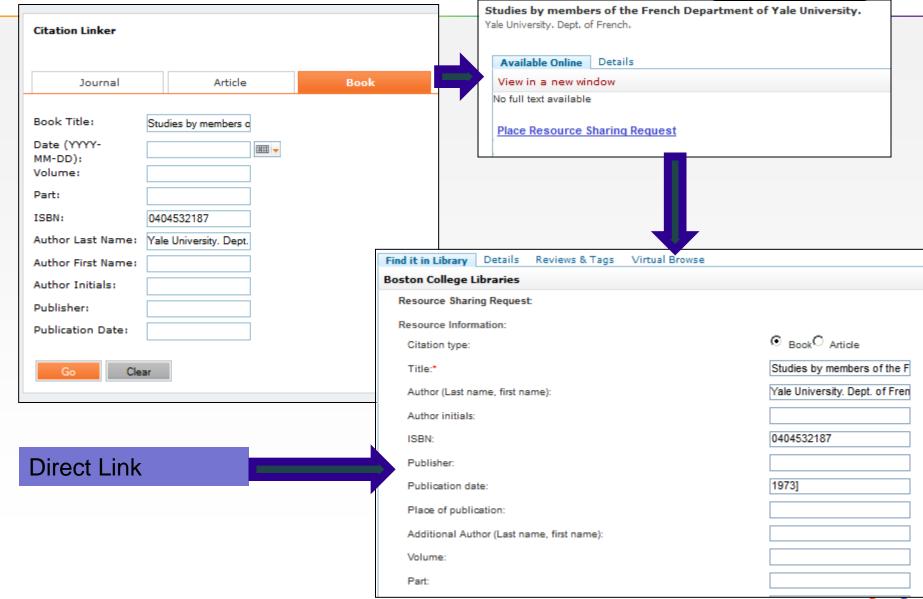
Protocols:

- > ISO ILL
- > BL ARTEmail
- > Emails



Request Placement







Resource Sharing in Alma





Request Placement

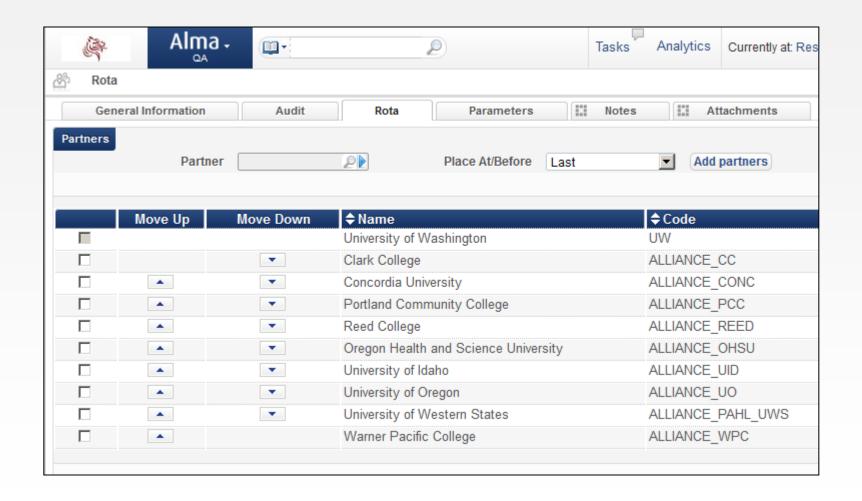


Alma -	£		Tasks	Analytics	Currently at: Res								
Resource Sharing Borrowing Request													
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Resource Information Article\Chapter Title * Journal Title Author	Ethical Plani The Western Shelby Somr	Title The Western planner. Requester * Implementer, Ex Libris Owner Resource Sharing Library											
Volume Author Initials	Shelby Somi	Reque: External	Partner st Status	University of Washington Ready to be sent									
Issue ISSN	February/Mar 0279-0602	Requeste Allow Othe	d Format	Physical									
		Preferred Send Ne	d Method eeded By										
		F	Location Pickup At * ping Cost	Deliver to library CAlternative address * Eugene USD									
		Willing to Pay Agree to Copyright terms * ✓ Needs patron information											
		Requ	uest Note										



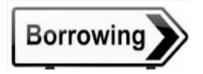
Locate and Rota Management







Locate and Rota Management

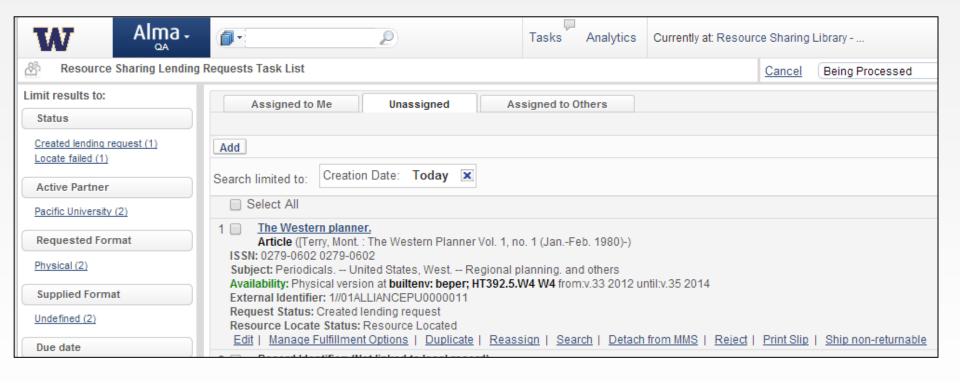


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Lender Receives the Request







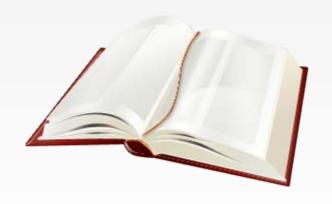


Peer to Peer Workflow

- Data Elements and Infrastructure
- Request Placement
- Fulfillment Options

Alma Resource Sharing

Request may be fulfilled in a number of formats:







Returnable copy

Digital copy

Non Returnable copy

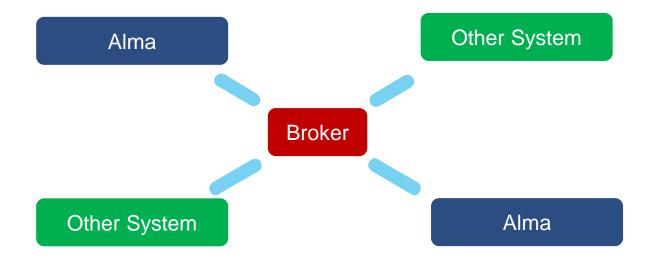




Existing Models

Resource Sharing the way you like it

Broker Model



Systems:

- ✓ Relais D2D/ILL
- ✓ OCLC NRE
- ✓ ILLiad
- ✓ INN-Reach

Protocols:

- > Z39.50 (OPAC)
- ➤ OpenURL
- > NCIP (V2.0/V1.0)

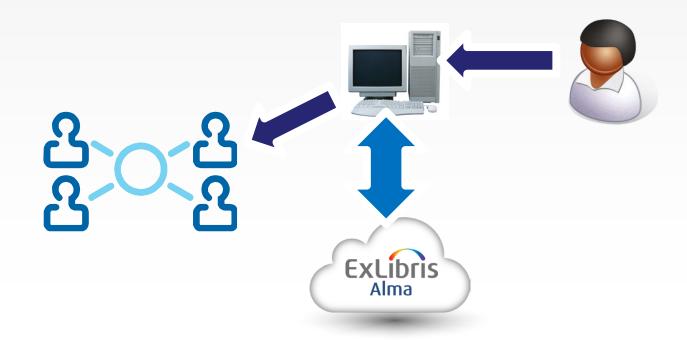




Broker Workflow

Broker Based Integrations

Broker based integration is a working model where a dedicated resource sharing system manages the resource sharing process, but relies on Alma for the inventory and the patron management, and for fulfillment aspects of the process.





Broker Based Integrations

Broker based integrations are based on three points of integration:

- Request placement (OpenURL)
- Exposing inventory status (Z39.50 OPAC/Publishing)
- Fulfillment actions receive, put in transit, loan, return etc' (NCIP)



Broker Based Integrations

Alma is currently used in a broker model with:

Relais ILL/D2D system



OCLC WorldCat Navigator



ILLiad



INN-Reach





Integration Points

- ✓ Creating the request
- ✓ Being a searchable target
- ✓ Integrating the Fulfillment process



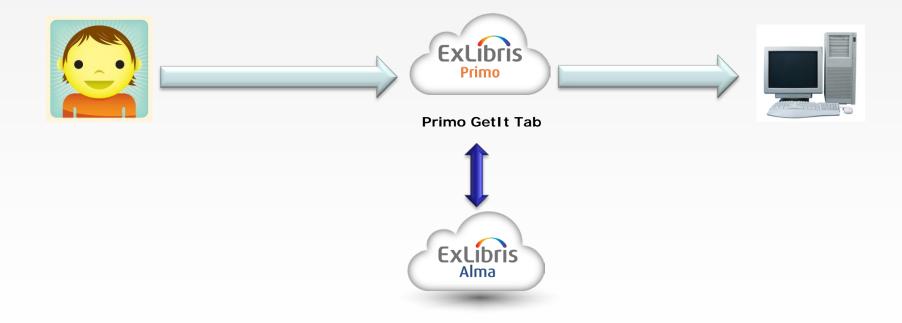
Alma & Broker - Creating the Request

- Patrons may use the broker's discovery
- If using a discovery interface other than the broker as the starting point for searching (e.g. Primo or Google), it is possible to direct users to the Broker discovery.
- To take advantage of this option it is necessary for the discovery interface to generate an OpenURL which includes a query with appropriate search terms



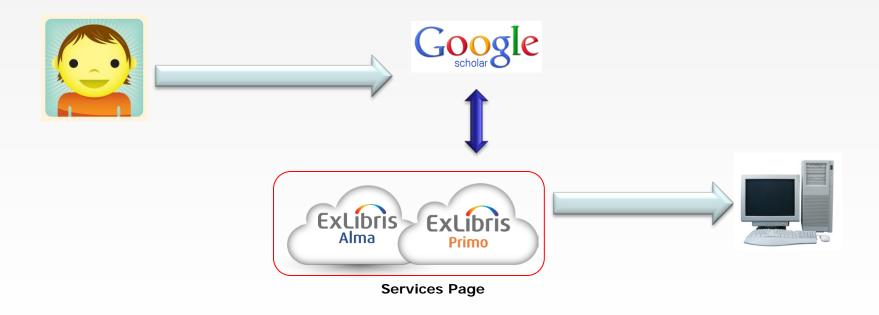


Alma & the "Broker" - Creating the Request





Alma & the "Broker" - Creating the Request





Integration Points

- ✓ Creating the request
- ✓ Being a searchable target
- ✓ Integrating the Fulfillment process



Alma & the "Broker" - Being Searchable

Borrower: Self and partner ownership

- Based on Z39.50 and OPAC **Syntax**
- Based on published information



- Based on Z39.50 and OPAC **Syntax**
- Based on published information





ExLibris

Alma

Alma & the "Broker" - Being Searchable

```
<holdingsRecord>
   <which>2</which>
   <holdingsAndCirc>
    <typeOfRecord>u</typeOfRecord>
    <encodingLevel>1</encodingLevel>
    <localLocation>Main Library</localLocation>
    <shelvingLocation>Depository</shelvingLocation>
    <callNumber>Heb 9472.800.9</callNumber>
    <copyNumber>1.0</copyNumber>
    <num_volumes>1</num_volumes>
    <num_circulationData>1</num_circulationData>
    <circulationData>
     <circRecord>
       <availableNow>1</availableNow>
      <availablityDate></availablityDate>
      <availableThru></availableThru>
       <itemId>HNRNWG</itemId>
      <renewable>0</renewable>
      <onHold>0</onHold>
     </circRecord>
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   </holdingsAndCirc>
  </holdingsRecord>
```

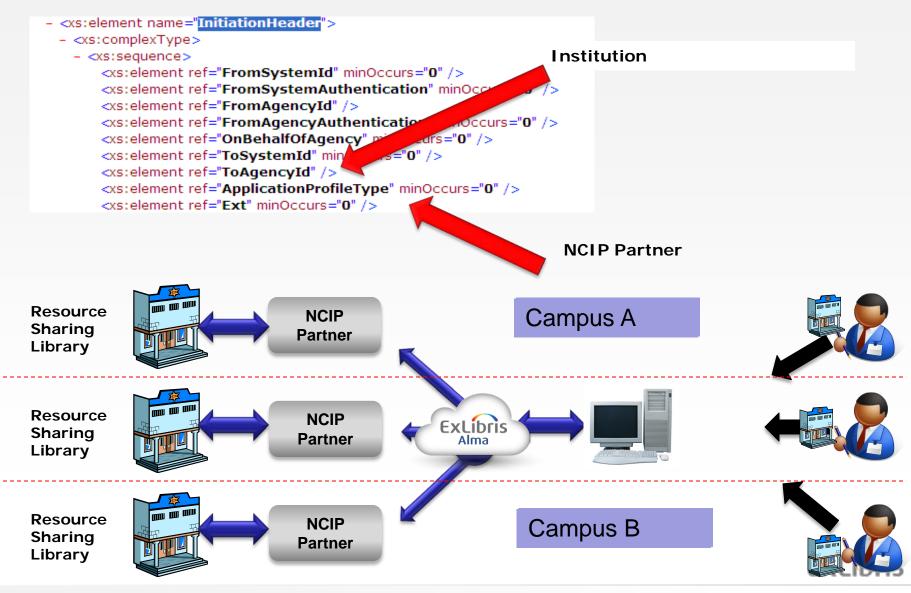


Integration Points

- √ Creating the request
- ✓ Being a searchable target
- ✓Integrating the Fulfillment process

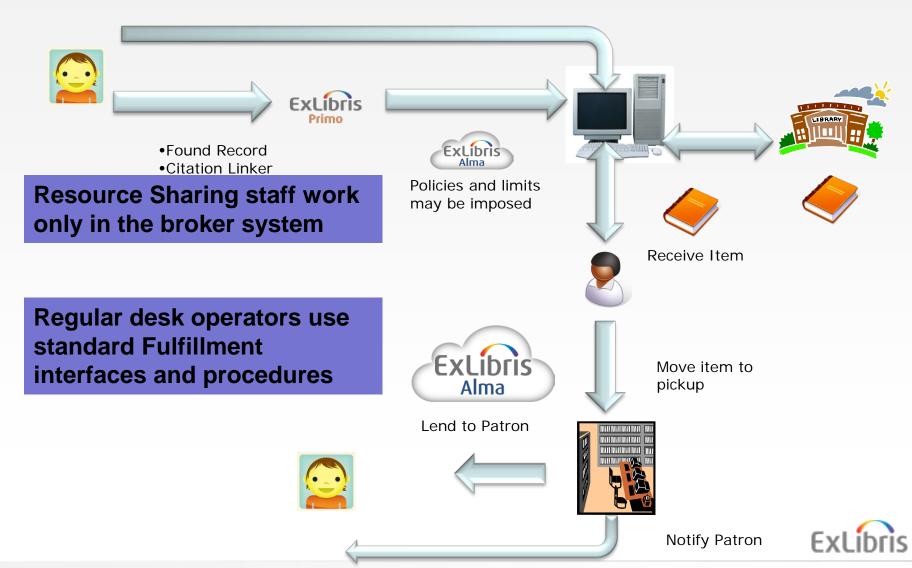


Alma & the "Broker" - Fulfillment Actions



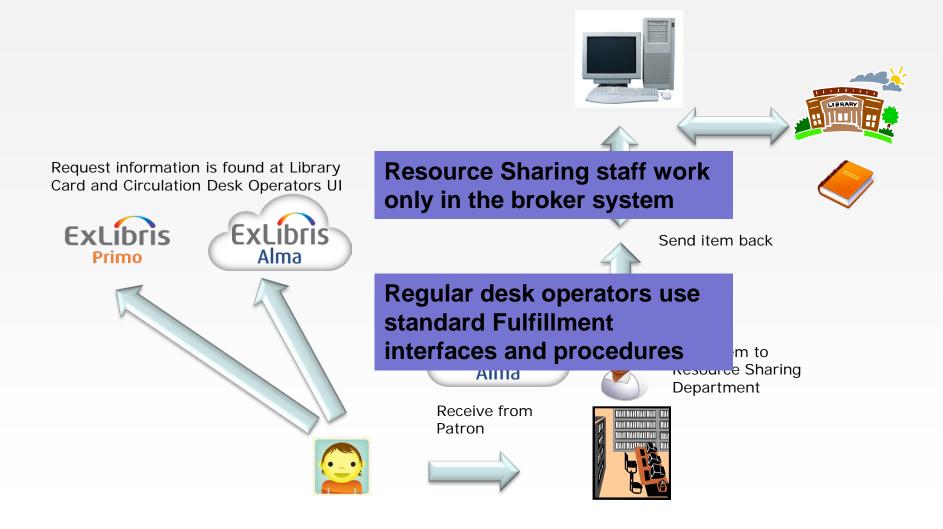
Fulfillment Actions – Borrowing Side





Fulfillment Actions – Borrowing Side







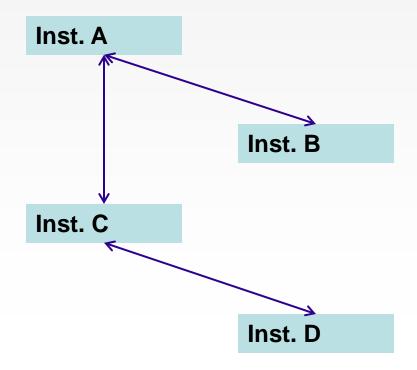
Types of Networks



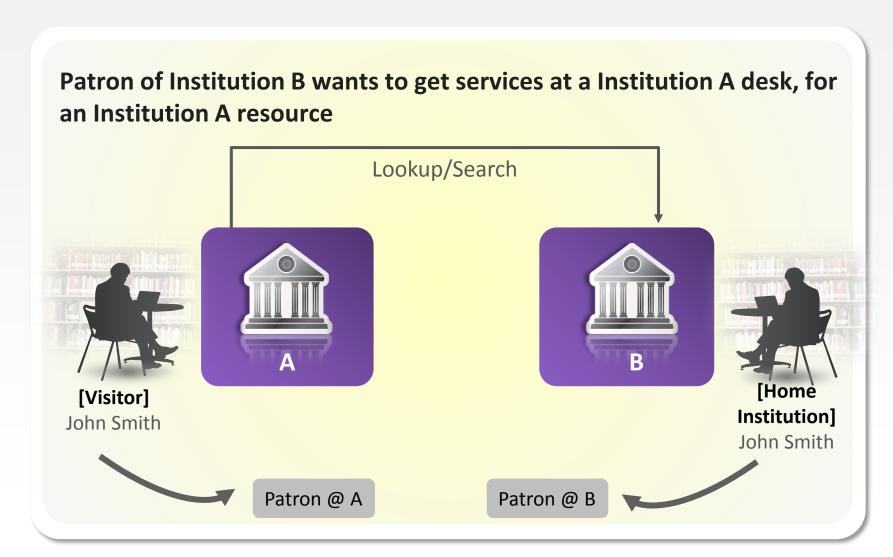


Fulfillment Network - Workflows

- A single institution may participate in multiple fulfillment networks
- Functional Highlights
 - Walk-In Loans
 - Direct Requesting
 - Consortial patron card in Primo

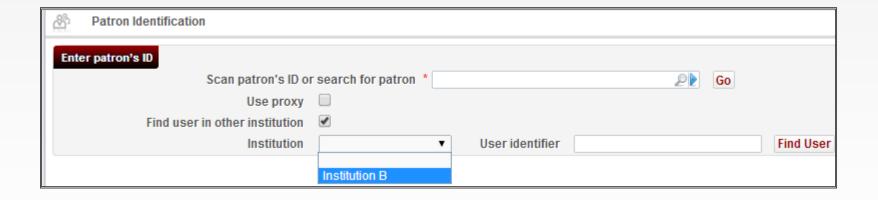


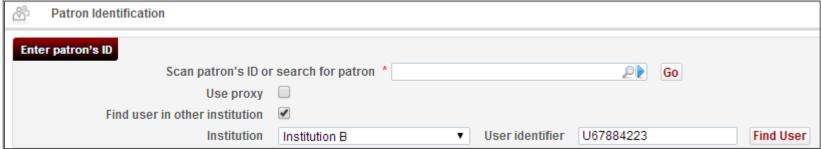




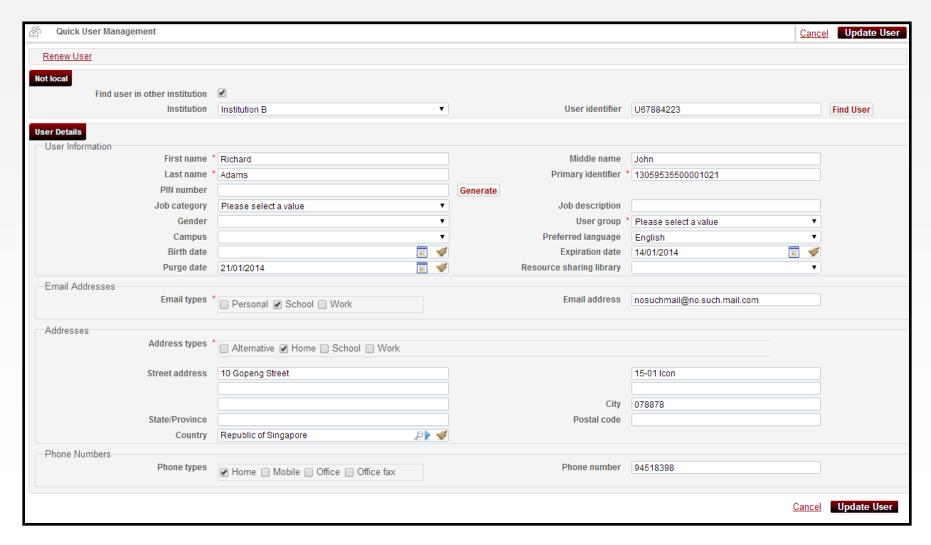




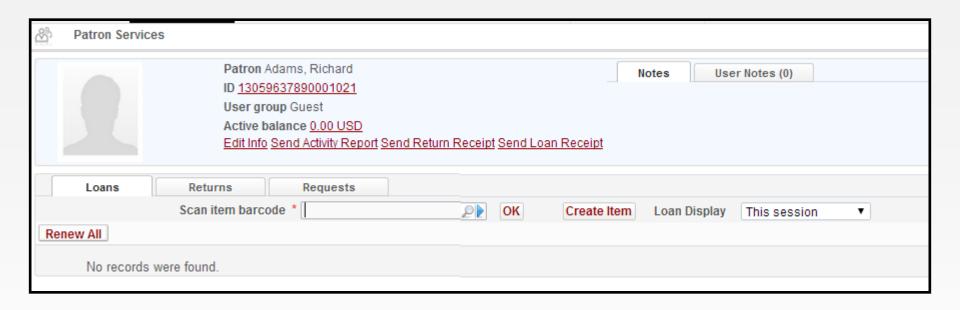




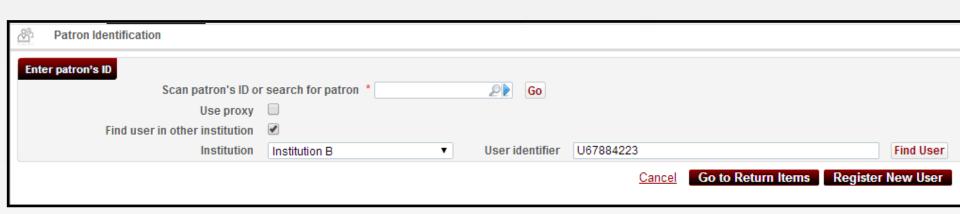


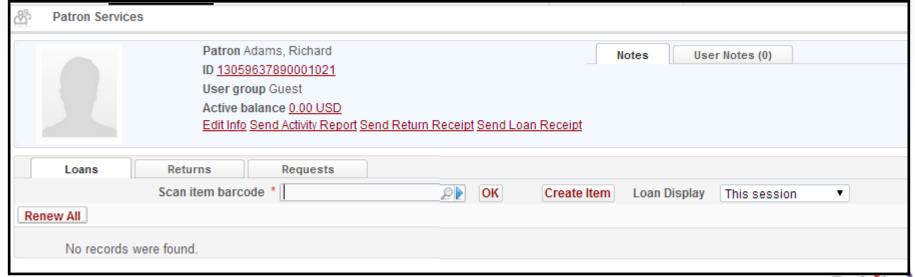










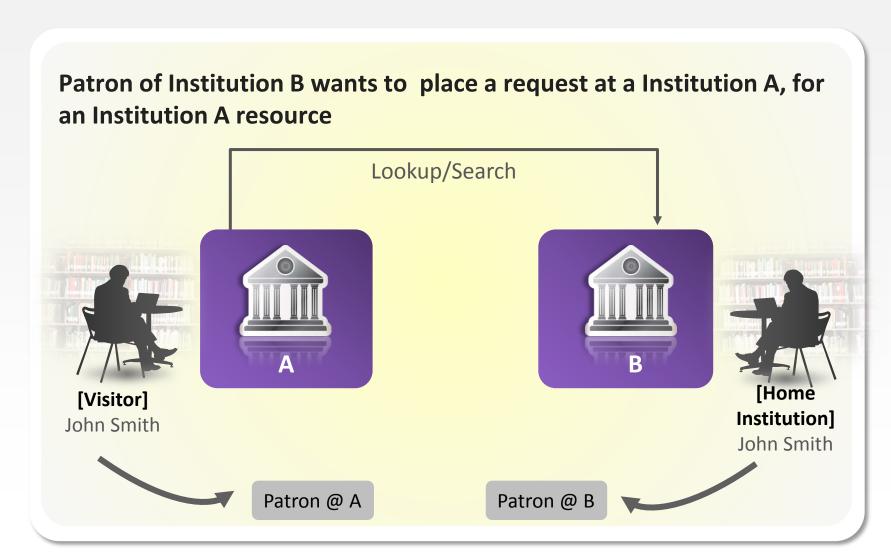


Walk-In Scenario - What Actually Happened?

Configuration Option II:



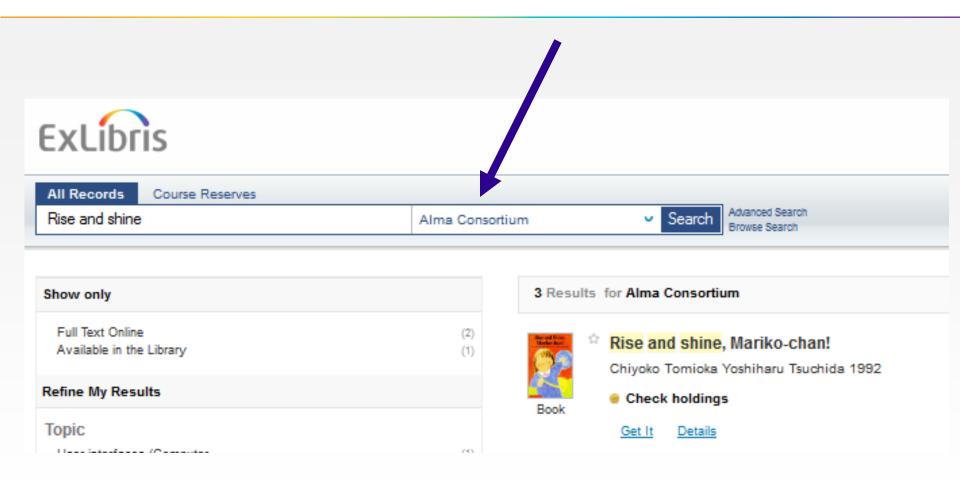




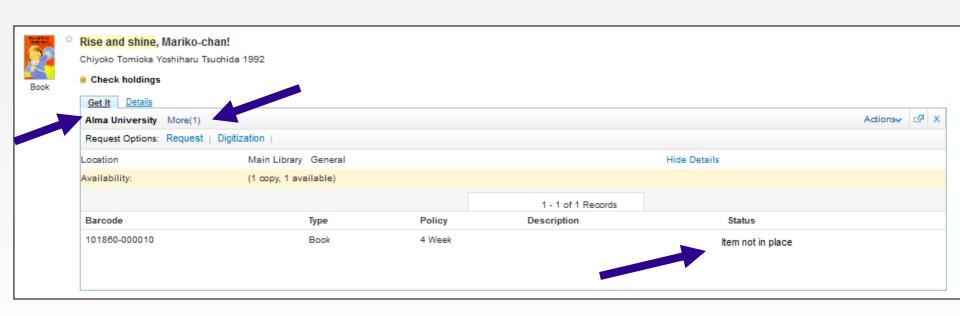




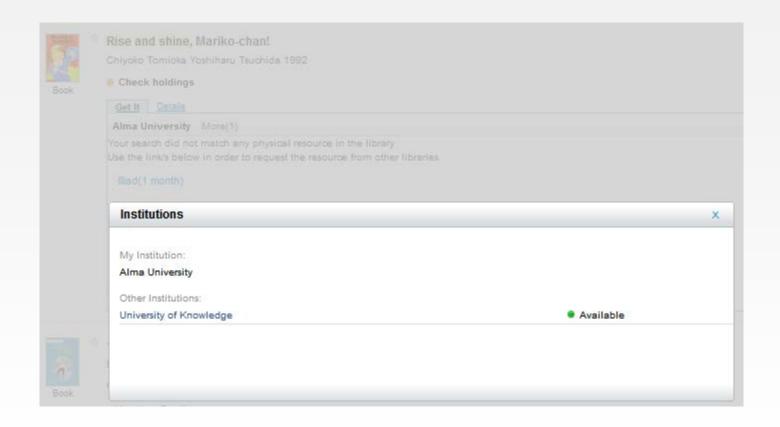










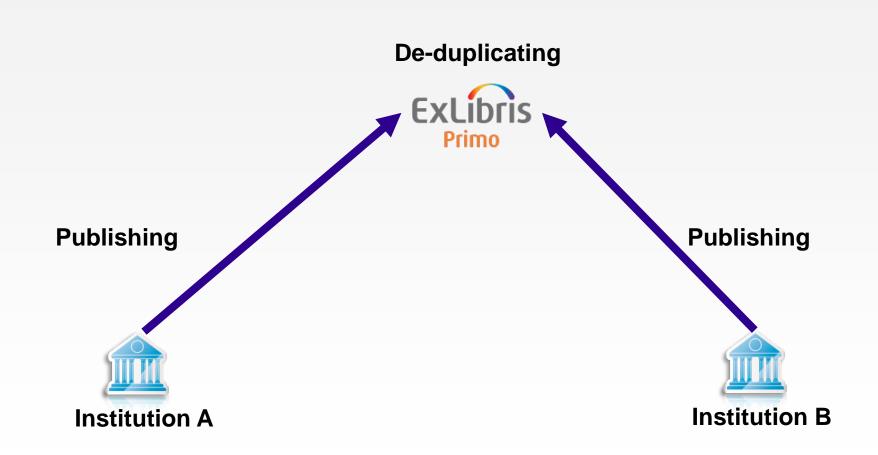






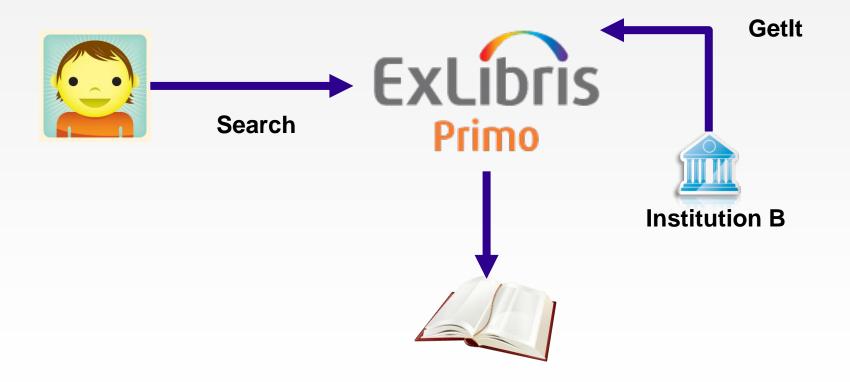


Direct Requesting – What Actually Happened?



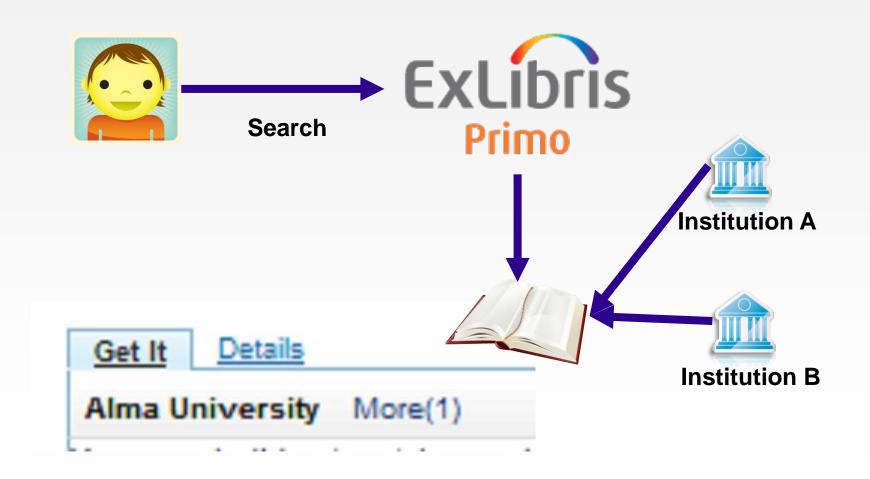


Direct Requesting – What Actually Happened?



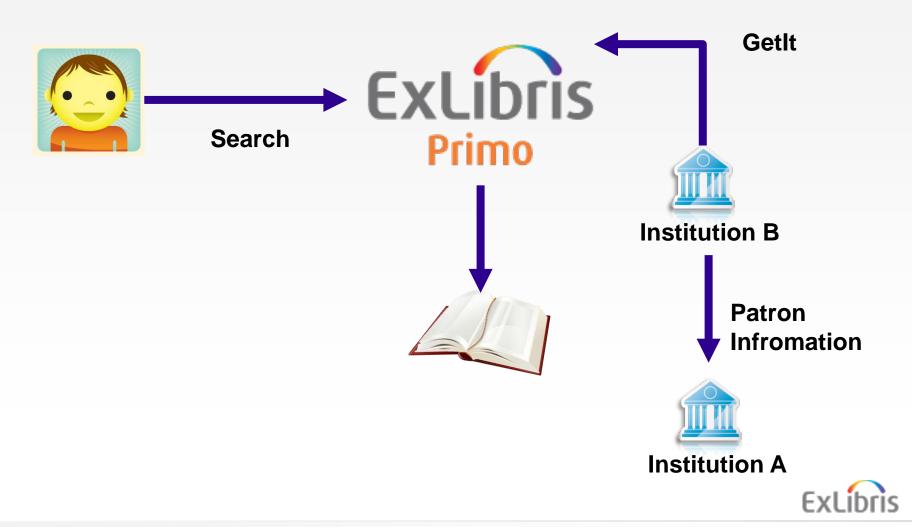


Direct Requesting - What Actually Happened?



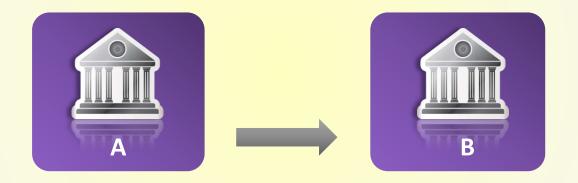


Direct Requesting – What Actually Happened?



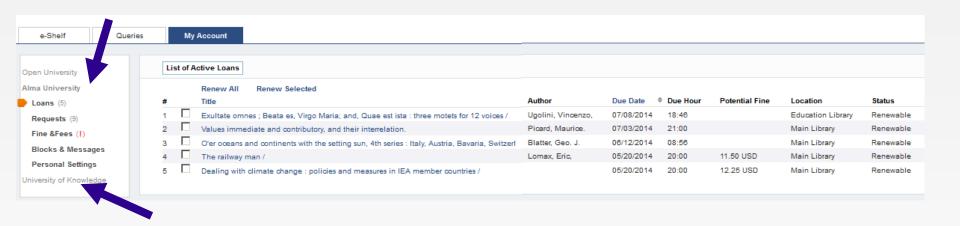
Joint Library Card

Patron is able to view Library Card from a number of institutions (if there is a shared PDS)





Joint Library Card





Fulfillment Network Attributes

- The resource owning library is the patron's service provider. The patron directly requests the resource from the remote member institution.
- The resource may be picked up at the resource owning institution.
- The resource owning library directly manages all aspects of the loan cycle with the requesting patron, including
 - Loan management (overdue, lost, renew etc.)
 - > Fine/fee related issues
- The request is direct with the supplier there is no process to distribute the requests to specific lenders based on institution or network considerations.



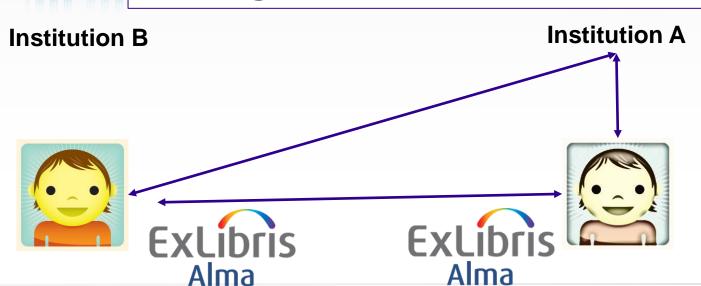
Fulfillment Network



Rules define how the patron will be copied over:



- User group
- Resource Sharing Library
- Expiry Date
- Purge Date





Fulfillment Network - User Value

- The Fulfillment Network easies the library involvement in terms of configuration, maintenance of supplier lists and in terms of staff mediation of the requests.
- The responsibility for obtaining the resources is levied on to the end user, leaving library staff out of this process.



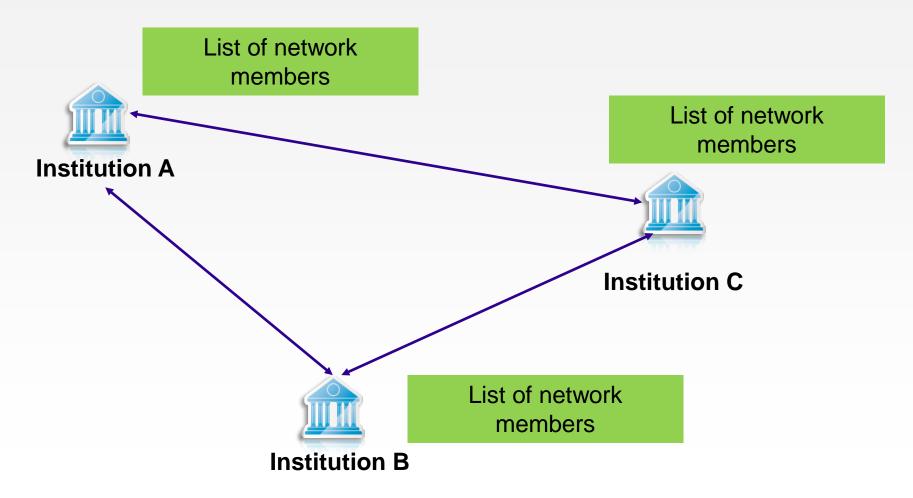
Fulfillment Network – Considerations

- Patron information may be freely shared between the institutions of the network.
- Institutions can agree on the policies by which their resources will be lent to different patron types of other institutions
- Institutions want to implement a shared blocking policy.
- The member institutions inventory is discoverable by patrons of all network members.



Fulfillment Network Models - No Shared NZ

Configuration Option II:





Roadmap Plans

- > Return anywhere
- > Transit between institutions
- > Loan anywhere
- Rota Management and request promotion



THANK YOU!

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