



Christine Stohn, Ex Libris Miri Botzer, Ex Libris



# Agenda

(1)

**Primo User Interface status and timelines** 

2

**Primo User Interface demo** 

(3)

**Discovery and Exploration** 

# **Roadmap: New User Interface – Timeline**

### **AUGUST RELEASE**

- Mobile
- Accessibility
- Advanced search
- bX
- Consortia support –Alma
- Messages

### **NOVEMBER RELEASE**

- Redirect permalinks
- virtual browse
- saved queries
- Right to Left support
- OPAC Via Link
- Snippets
- Open in new tab

#### **FEBRUARY RELEASE**

- Personalization
- Featured results
- Tags
- A-Z (until Feb will be opened in a new talk with the current UI)
- Browse (until Feb will be opened in a new tab with the current UI)

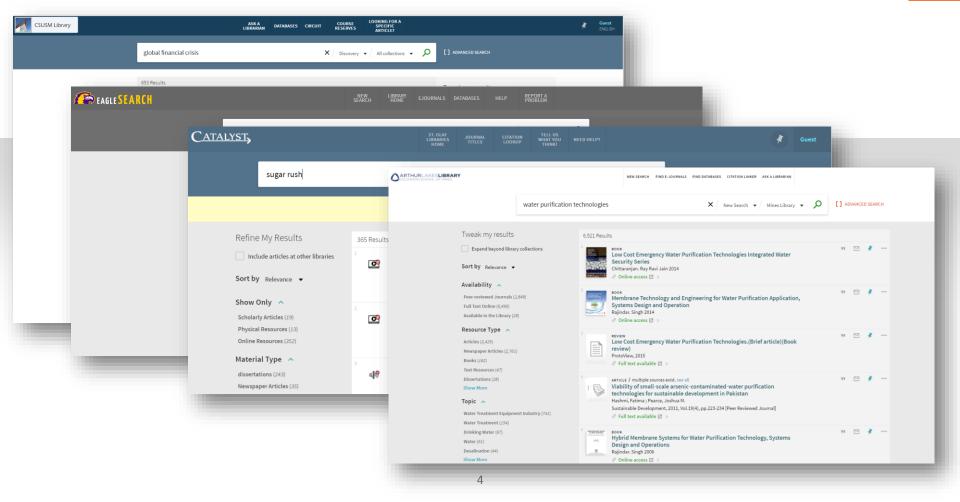
**August 2016** 

November **2016** 

**February 2017** 

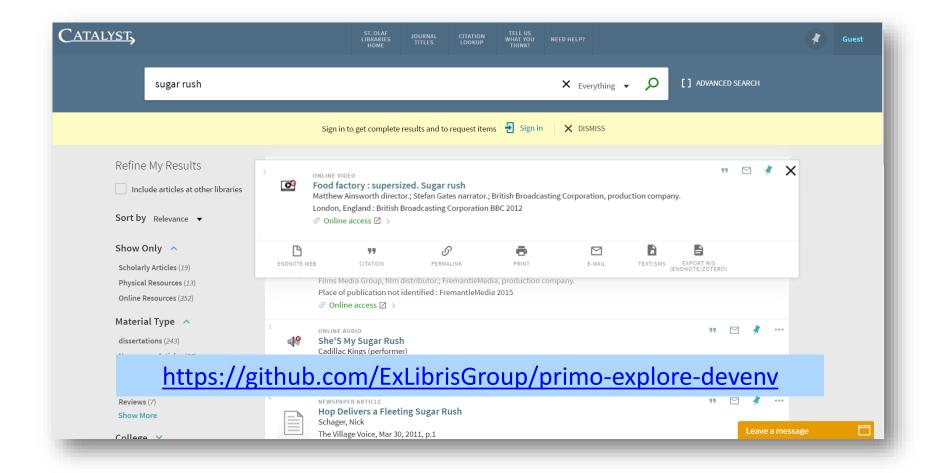
## **New Primo User Interface is Live!**







# **New Primo User Interface – Customization**





The citation trail – a new exploration service for Primo

## **Citations**

Hindawi Publishing Corporation Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity Volume 2012, Article ID 906252, 23 pages doi:10.1155/2012/906252

#### Review Article

#### Cocoa Polyphenols and Their Potential Benefits for Human Health

#### I. Andújar, M. C. Recio, R. M. Giner, and J. L. Ríos

Departament de Farmacologia, Facultat de Farmàcia, Universitat de València, Avenida Vicent Andrés Estellés s/n, 46100 Burjassot, Valencia, Spain

Correspondence should be addressed to J. L. Ríos, riosjl@uv.es

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This paper compiles the beneficial effects of cocoa polyphenols on human health, especially with regard to cardioi inflammatory diseases, metabolic disorders, and cancer prevention. Their antioxidant properties may be responsite of their pharmacological effects, including the inhibition of lipid percoidation and the protection of LDI-choles oxidation, and increase resistance to oxidative stress. The phenolics from cocoa also modify the glycemic response profile, decreasing platelet function and inflammation along with diastolic and systolic arterial pressure, which, tak may reduce the risk of cardiovascular mortality. Cocoa polyphenols can also modulate intestinal inflammation reduction of neutrophil infiltration and expression of different transcription factors, which leads to decreases in the p proinflammatory enzymes and cytokines. The phenolics from cocoa may thus protect against diseases in which oxid implicated as a causal or contributing factor, such as cancer. They also have antiproliferative, antimutagenic, and cher effects, in addition to their articariogenic effects.

#### 1. Introduction

Plant phenols from numerous plant species are being actively studied as potential treatments for various metabolic and cardiovascular diseases. For example, resveratrol from red wine [1, 2], epigallocathechin-3-gallate from green tea [3–5], curcumin from turmeric [6], and quercetin [7–12] from different sources have all been studied as potential therapeutic agents, to induce weight loss, lower blood pressure, attenuate glucose levels and insulin resistance (resveratrol), and improve hemoglobin A1c and lipid profile in humans (epigallocathechin-3-gallate). Other studies also carried out in humans have shown the beneficial effects of grape seeds, chokeberries, coffee, carob, and cocoa [13]. This paper reviews the most recent research on this last substance and its potential benefits for human health.

Since the seventeenth century, cocoa and chocolate have been described as potential medicines. In Europe, various historical documents refer to chocolate's medicinal value; thus, although it was drunk as a beverage with a pleasurable taste, it was primarily eaten as a food to treat a number of disorders, including angina and heart pain [14]. To broma cacao L. (Sterculiaceae) and its products are worldwide and are studied mainly because of t idant and antiradical properties in vitro of son polyphenolic constituents, specially procyanidins 3-ols [15]. Many studies have described cocoa p being bioactive compounds, especially prominer metabolic and cardiovascular effects. These effect in part, to the antioxidant [16] and antiradical of cocoa phenolics [17], which increase the pl of antioxidants to prevent the oxidation of LDL-[18]. Along with their known antiplatelet effects particular properties are related to the protective i of cocoa phenolics in heart disease [18]. Other properties include their ability to modulate th response [20-24] and their anti-inflammatory [2 anticarcinogenic properties [26, 28]. In this have focused on the beneficial effects of cocoa p on human health, especially with regard to care and inflammatory diseases, metabolic disorders, prevention as well as on their antioxidant propert GJIC: Gap-junction intercellular communication GM-CSF: Granulocyte macrophage colony-stimulating

HDL: High-density lipoprotein HepG2: Human hepatocellular carcinoma

IBD: Inflammatory bowel disease IC<sub>50</sub>: Inhibitory concentration-50 ICAM: Intercellular adhesion molecule

IFN-y: Interferon-y Ig: Immunoglobulin

#### ACKHOWICUSHICHIS

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#### References

naturally occurring diphenolic compound, affects lipogenesis,

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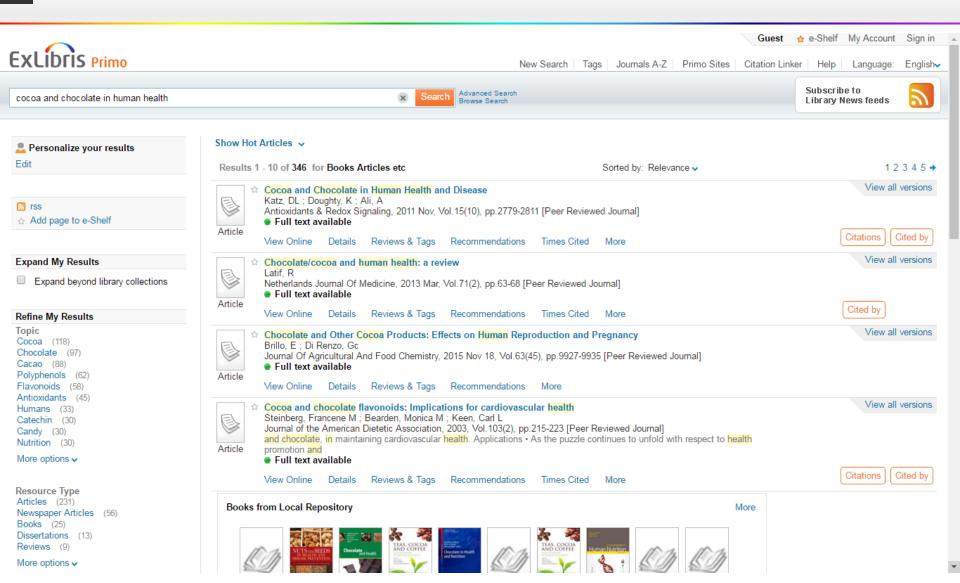
Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity

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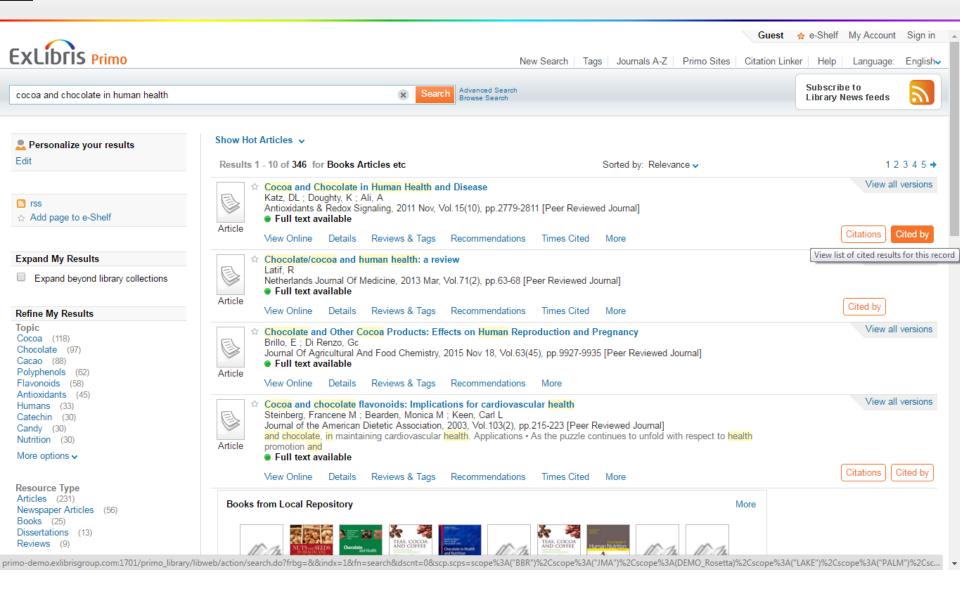
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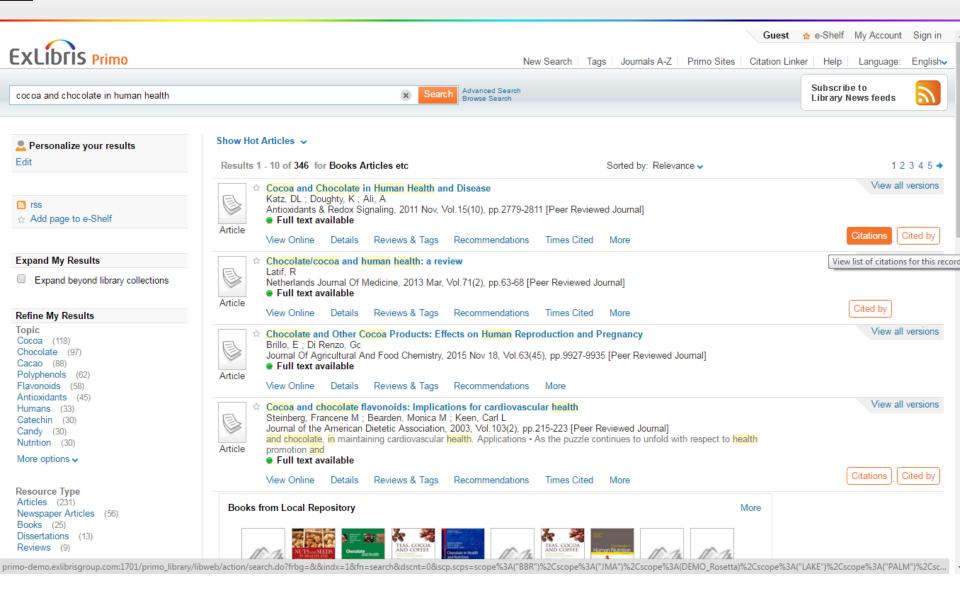
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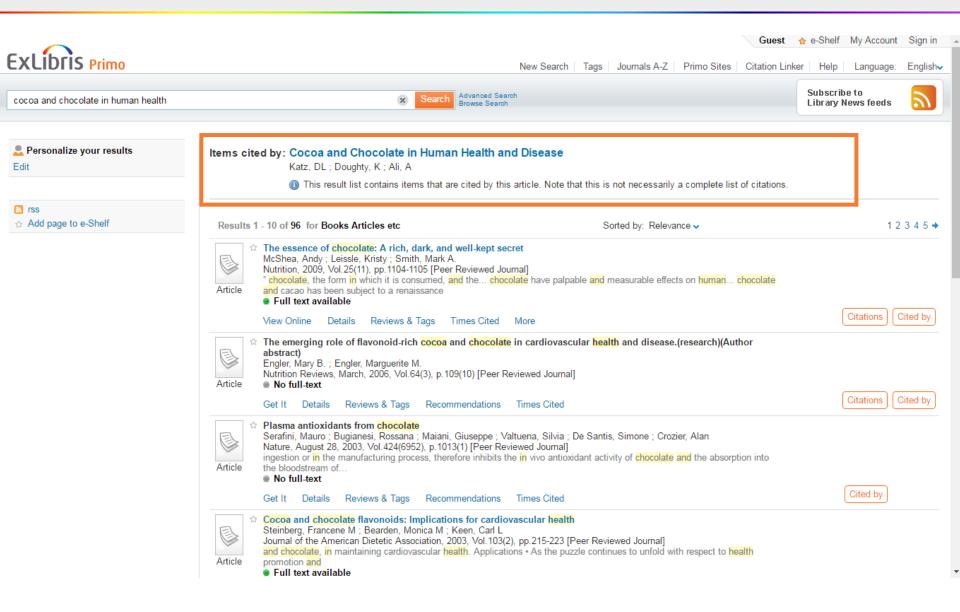












# Citation trail - some background information

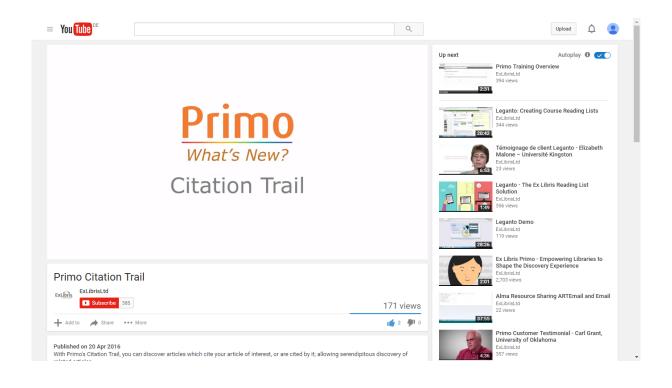
### How the trail is created

- The references are extracted during the Primo Central ingestion (normalization) process
- References are matched against Primo Central
- The connections (citing, cited by) are calculated and stored
- Primo Central is requesting the connections with every result list

### Notes

- References are not subject to availability filtering
- Items that cannot be matched against Primo Central are not included

# The citation trail video on YouTube



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PITPFCTIQe8

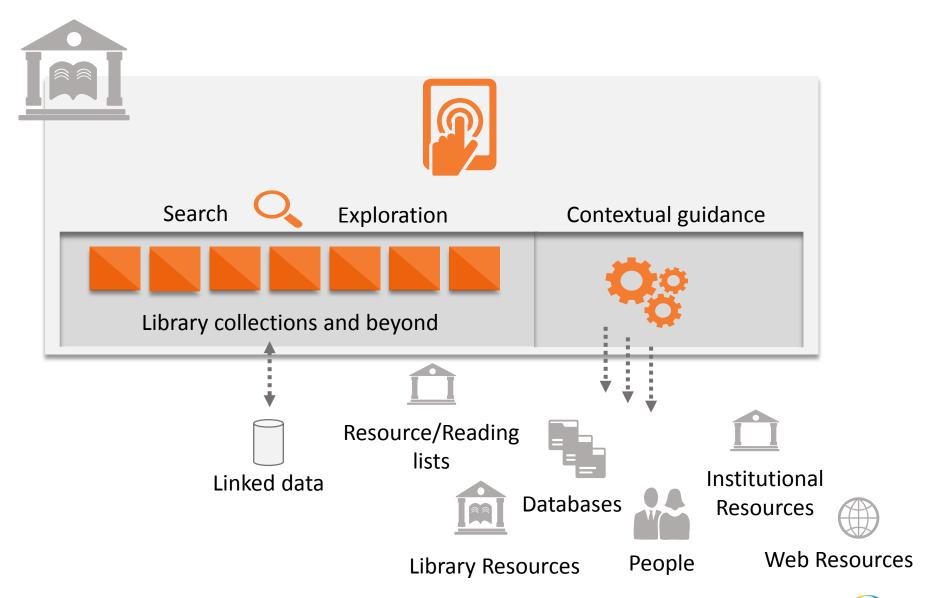
# **Citation trail – coming next**

- More data sources
- A new design for showing the trail in the new Primo User Interface
- Develop into independent service to be used by other systems incl. summon

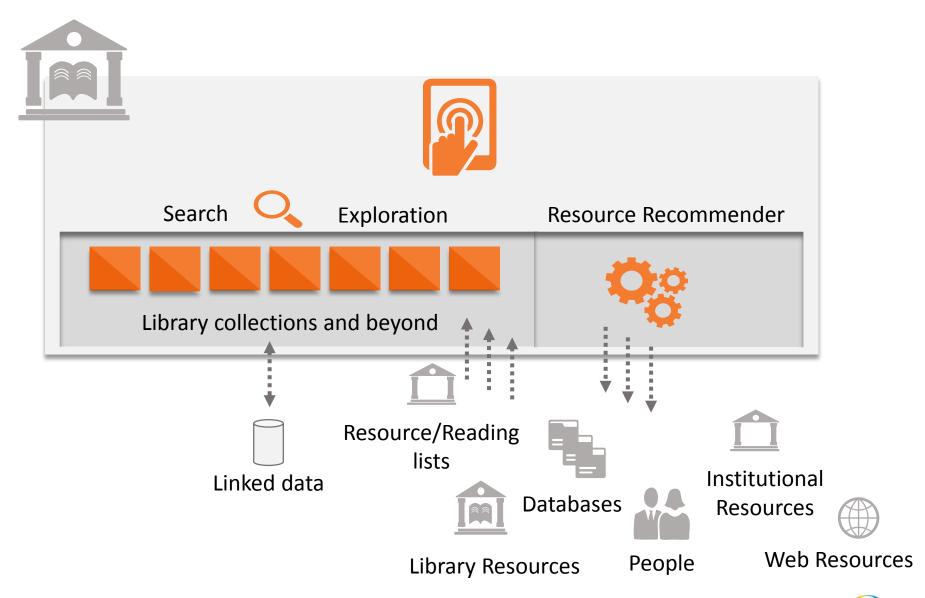


Resource Recommender – discovery as a gateway

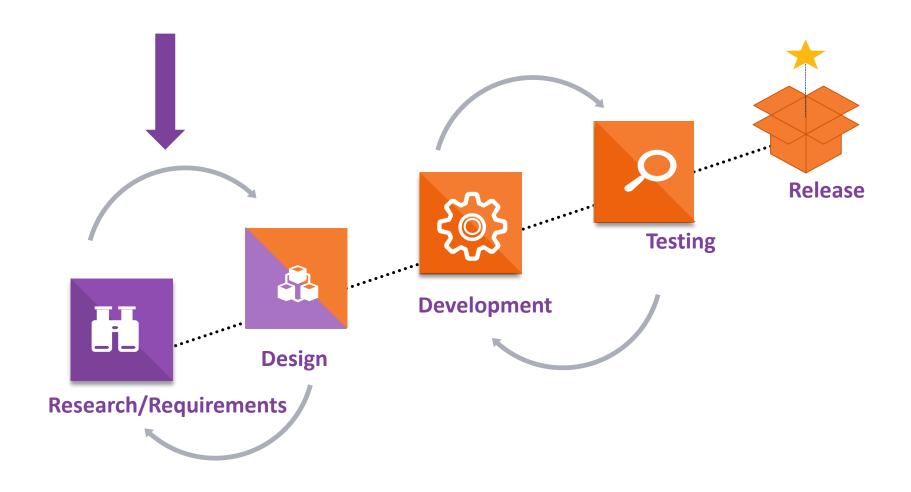
# Resource Recommender - discovery as a gateway



# Resource Recommender - discovery as a gateway



# **Resource Recommender**



# Resource Recommender – under consideration



### **Global resources**

- A&I databases
- Journal homepages
- ...

### **Local resources**

- Librarians
- Expert networks
- Websites (e.g. LibGuides)
- Reading/resource lists
- Faculty/course websites
- Special collections
- ..

# Resource Recommender – under consideration



### **Global resources**

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### **Local resources**

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- ...



#### **Based on**

- Terms/phrases and their variations (associated/disassociated)
- Set limitations (e.g. known item search, long topic search)

#### Creates

 Limited list of "ranked" resources (by type and fit to user context)



### Display sensitive to

- Resource type
- Type of recommendation

### And maybe

- User's discipline (personalization, course association)
- User/Faculty association

# Resource Recommender – stories and ideas

# This is your part





# **Discussion and questions**

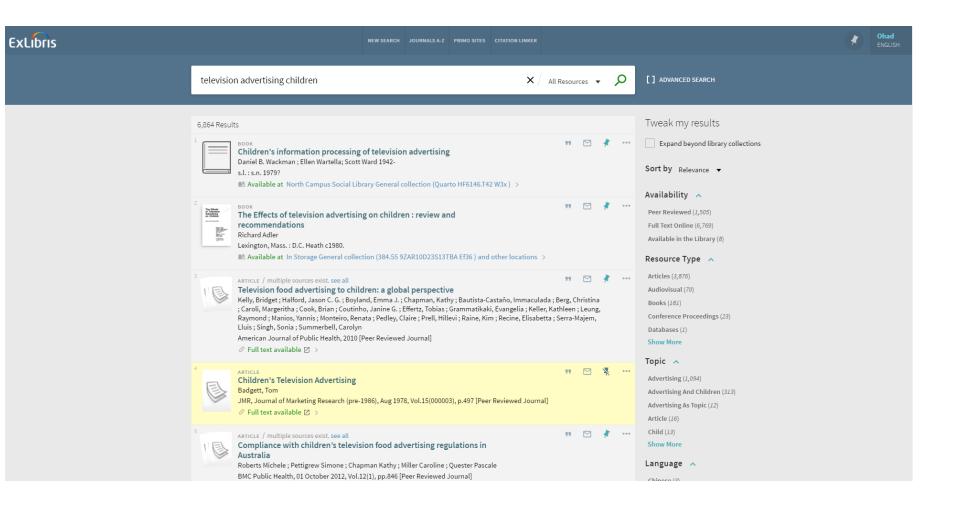




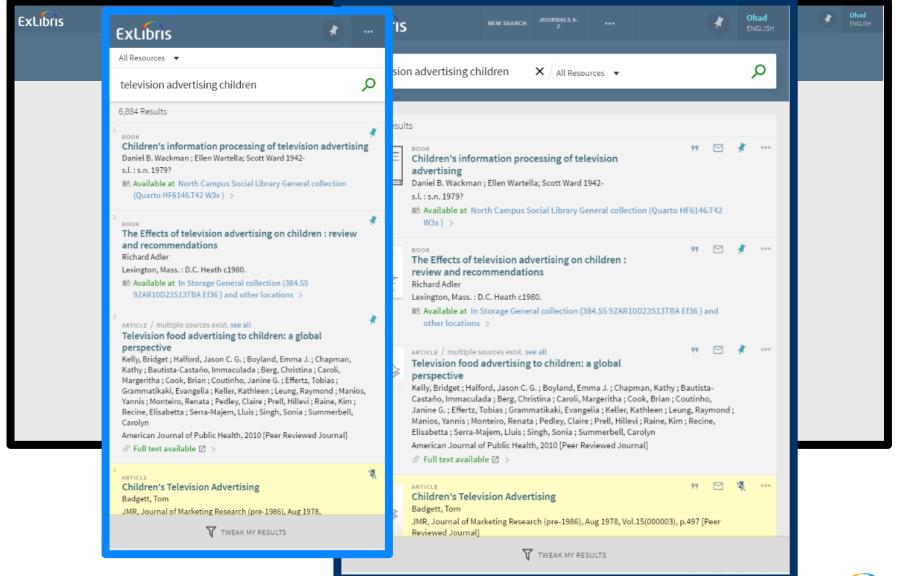


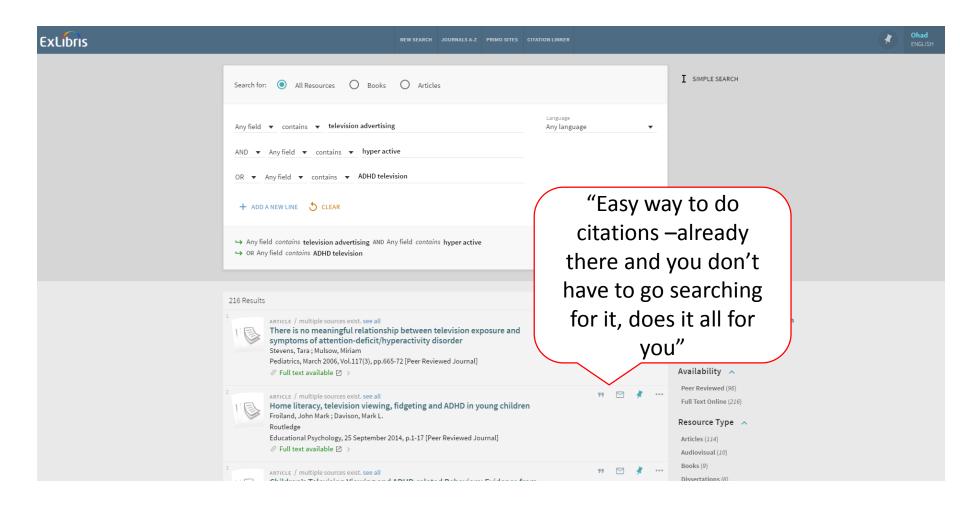


# **Primo User Interface**

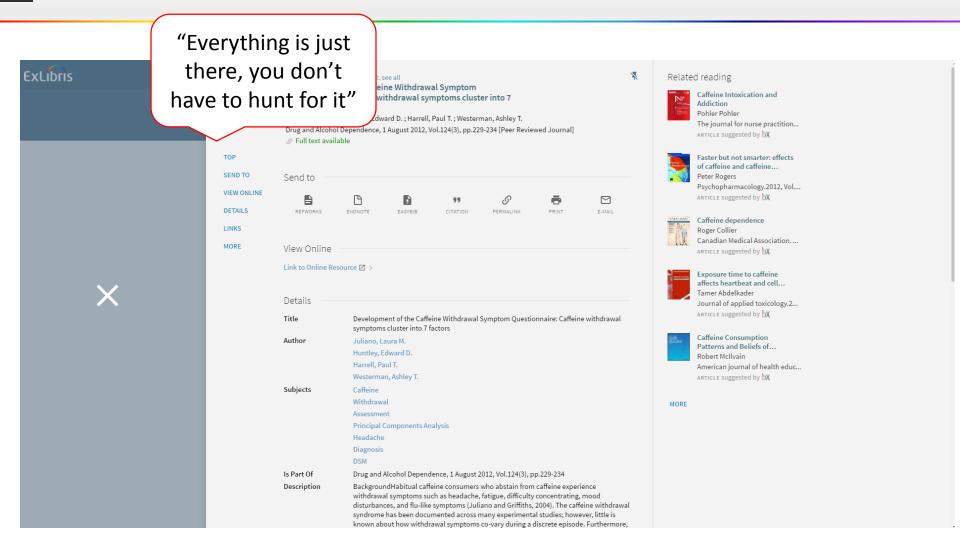


## **Primo User Interface**

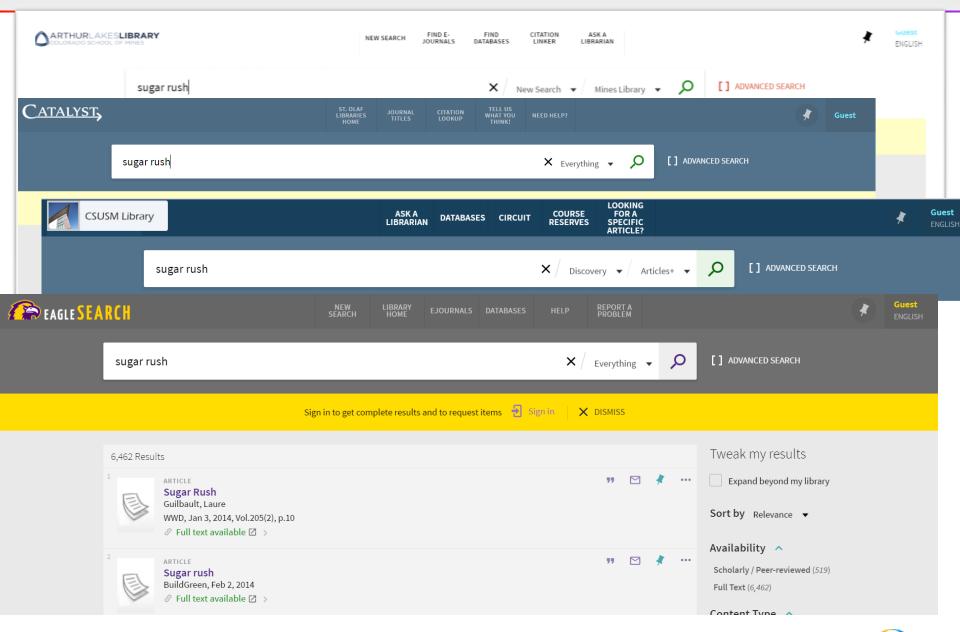




## **Primo User Interface**



# Primo User Interface – now live



## **Primo User Interface - Customization**

https://github.com/ExLibrisGroup/primo-explore-devenv

